

## DEMOCRATS ARE TO VOTE FOR THE TARIFF MEASURE

Forty-Seven of Them Stand up One by One During the Caucus and Announce Their Intention to Vote Aye.

## ARE NOT BOUND BY THE CAUCUS ACTION

Resolution That Would Bind Members to the Bill Without Amendment is Not Offered at Meeting.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Forty-seven democratic senators stood up in the party caucus one by one late Monday and declared their intention to vote for the Underwood-Simmons tariff revision bill as finally approved by the caucus a few minutes previously. Two senators, Ransdell and Thornton of Louisiana, stated that they would not make such promise because of the proposal to place sugar on the free list in 1915. Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska and Culberson of Texas were absent, but both are known to be in favor of the bill. This gives the democrats 49 votes for the bill, or a slender majority of one, with the vote of the vice president to fall back upon in an emergency.

An absolute binding resolution was not adopted, the poll by individuals being substituted, and that poll was put only on the ground of personal promise and was not made binding. A resolution was adopted, however, declaring the Underwood-Simmons bill a party measure and urging its undivided support without amendment unless such should be submitted by the committee. Sen. Newlands of Nevada cast the only vote against this resolution, but Senators Shafroth of Colorado, Ransdell and Thornton did not vote.

The resolution was as follows: "Resolved, That the tariff bill agreed to by this conference in its amended form is declared to be a party measure and we urge its undivided support as a duty by democratic senators without amendment. Provided, however, that the conference or the house may make amendments after reference or otherwise propose amendments to the bill."

Express Satisfaction. Sen. Kern, chairman of the caucus, Chairman Simmons of the finance committee, who have fought hard for the measure, and other administration leaders expressed entire satisfaction over the outcome of the measure and declared their confidence that enough votes would be secured to assure the passage of the measure with free wool and free sugar included.

It became apparent at once when the conference convened that a resolution which would bind members absolutely to the bill without amendment was distasteful to many senators. The resolution therefore was modified and amended in the form of a party declaration. Before this was put to a vote the motion was made that the senators be asked flatly their views on the subject. After this the roll call was taken.

On this roll call the Louisiana senators stated that it was not their intention to support the bill without amendment. Sen. Newlands said he had not definitely made up his mind as to certain amendments he might urge, but in the end it was his intention to stand by the party measure. Sen. Shafroth explained that he did not want to be bound to support the bill but it was his present intention to vote for it.

All Vote for Measure. All the members present, 47, voted "aye" on the roll call. Sen. Kern, absent but accounted for, constituted the democratic membership of the senate.

"We are satisfied with this showing," said Sen. Simmons Monday night. "The democrats are on record in support of the bill. Forty-seven of them answered 'aye' when their names were called on the motion to support the bill and two others declared it their present intention to support it and said that they did not know of anything that would cause them to vote against the party. No more could be expected. I am going over the final perfected draft of the bill for corrections and shall report it to the senate this week, Thursday if possible. I shall call a meeting of the full membership of the finance committee on Wednesday in all probability. At any rate the bill will be ready for general debate next week."

"We have got the votes, 49, without the vice president, who can be relied upon should an emergency arise," was the statement of Sen. Hoke Smith, who left the senate Monday night. Sen. Kern made public the resolution and a statement regarding the roll call.

Sen. Newlands, in a statement explaining his position, gave the following: "I voted against making the bill a party measure," Sen. Newlands said, "because whilst it is superior to the existing tariff, it has certain defects which should be remedied. It discriminates against far western products. The reductions should be apportioned over a period of three years instead of taking effect immediately. Further reductions on a sliding scale should be provided for, particularly on food products and clothing. There should be a tariff board with power to ascertain facts and make recommendations to congress and make further reductions under a rule established by congress."

Whilst our duties on sugar and wool should be materially reduced, we should not take the risk by precipitate action of readjusting injuriously the sugar industry in our insular.

## AFRICAN STRIKE IS NOT SETTLED; MANY MINERS OUT

Some 3,000 Men Gather at Johannesburg and Pass a Resolution to Effect That Strike is Still on.

## FEAR ATTEMPT MAY BE MADE ON RAND CLUB

Place is Barricaded and Guards Are Kept on Duty Day and Night—All Newspapers Quit Publishing.

JOHANNESBURG, July 8.—Many of the gold miners refuse to return to work. At a meeting Monday afternoon militant leaders delivered fiery speeches to the 3,000 assembled and a resolution declaring that the strike was still on and condemning the strike leaders was carried.

One of the chief speakers announced the organization of a new union of South African workers, which, he said, would be a revolutionary party. Efforts are now being made at Braamfontein to bring out the railway workers.

A dispute is on over the actual terms of settlement which Gen. Botha, the ex-premier, and Gen. Smuts, minister of mines, made with the unions. The unionists assert that they insisted that the government provide for miners whose places were taken by strike breakers, until new places should be found for them, and also that the leaders claimed amnesty for the rioters. Gen. Botha replying that that was matter for the department of justice, but giving the impression that he favored amnesty.

Club is Barricaded. Attempts to dynamite the Rand club and other buildings are feared. The club is barricaded and armed members patrol the premises day and night. The residences of the mine owners are guarded by soldiers. An attempt to destroy the railroad between Johannesburg and Germiston was made during the night, but failed. The only newspaper published Monday was a four-page sheet issued by the Printers' union.

Twelve thousand members of the trade unions marched Monday at the funeral of the victims of the riots. The Right Rev. Michael Bolton Furse, lord bishop of Pretoria, who officiated, begged the multitude to return to their homes peacefully, out of respect for the dead. The spokesman of the Trades Federation made a similar appeal. "Disperse quietly," he said. "Let none say that we are a disorganized rabble."

Among the wreaths was one from the socialist party inscribed: "In memory of our martyrs, foully murdered in cold blood by the capitalist class."

At the end of the ceremony the socialists assembled outside the cemetery and sang, "The Red Flag."

LABOR MEMBERS ACT. LONDON, July 8.—The labor members of the house of commons Monday demanded from the government an explanation of the use of troops against the striking miners in Johannesburg. South Africa, and Robert Outwait, a liberal member, moved the adjournment of the house as an expression of disapproval, but the speaker declined to entertain the motion.

James Keir Hardie, the socialist, then demanded to know who was responsible for the action of the troops. Lewis Harcourt, secretary for the colonies, said Viscount Gladstone, governor-general of the Union of South Africa had sent 3,550 soldiers to Johannesburg at the request of officials there after 1,000 special police had proved unable to check the riots.

SHE MAY SAY "DAMN." EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 8.—"A perfect lady may say 'damn' in this community," Judge McCoy of the municipal court so decided Tuesday. Katie Graham had an argument with her landlady about the rent and the judge said: "I'm not going to pay a damned cent of it," she said.

The sensitive soul of the landlady cringed at the word and he had Kate arrested.

"A lady can say it if she's provoked," said Judge McCoy.

HUSBAND ANNOUNCED FOR MADELINE FORCE ASTOR NEW YORK, July 8.—Society Tuesday greeted with an "I told you so" nod an announcement from Bar Harbor, Maine, of the engagement of Miss Katherine Force, sister of Mrs. Madeline Force Astor, to Henri Harnickell, a New York broker.

The report that Harnickell was paying marked attention to Miss Force spread a year ago. Katherine was then 19 and had just been introduced to society.

GO TO MICHIGAN CITY TO SEE HYDROPLANES A number of people went to Michigan City Tuesday to witness the flying boats which started from Chicago for the flight to Detroit, via Michigan City.

Among those who made the trip were Fire Chief Wilfred Grant, Fire Chief Buysse of Mishawaka, and Charles Hagedorn.

## SAY DEPOSITORS WILL NOT LOSE BY THE FAILURES

Both the Officials of the Defunct Bank and the Clearing House Association Issue Statements.

## FOUR INSTITUTIONS IN HANDS OF RECEIVERS

Press Agent is Responsible For Charge That Government is to Blame But it is Quickly Recalled.

PITTSBURGH, July 8.—The First-Second National bank of Pittsburgh, the First National bank of McKeesport, a neighboring city, the American Water Works and Guarantee Co. and the banking house of J. S. and W. S. Kuhn, Inc., of this city, were forced into the hands of receivers Monday, through the failure of the first named institution to open its doors Monday morning.

The closing of the First-Second National bank was ordered by the deputy controller of the currency, T. P. Kane, after every effort had been made to meet the government requirements as to the legal reserve. The Kuhn banking house has extensive interests in irrigation projects throughout the west, and mines and street traction systems throughout western Pennsylvania, besides being a dominant factor in the American Water Works and Guarantee Co.

W. S. Kuhn was president of the First-Second National bank, vice president and director in the banking house, and vice president and director of the American Water Works and Guarantee Co., besides being a director of the McKeesport bank.

J. S. Kuhn was a director of the First-Second National bank, president and director of the American Water Works and Guarantee Co., president and director of the McKeesport bank and chairman of the board of directors of the banking house.

When it was learned that the banks would have to suspend business steps were taken to protect the American Water Works and Guarantee Co. and the Kuhn's banking house, and application was made in the federal court Monday afternoon for receivers for both institutions.

Throughout the day a statement of the banks and affected companies' affairs was awaited with feverish anxiety, but none was forthcoming until Monday night when Mr. Kane made a formal statement. No statement of the condition of the bank was obtainable subsequent to the one issued June 4, on the last bank call of the controller.

Issue Statement. Monday night Mr. Kane issued the following: "At a meeting of the directors of the First-Second National bank held on Sunday, the 7th inst., the directors and the results of the recent investigation of the bank examiners were discussed. After full consideration, the directors declared their inability to make good the bank's impaired condition and without dissent decided that it would be best for the protection of depositors and all other interests to have the controller of the currency to take charge and to arrange for the liquidation of the bank."

The Pittsburgh clearing house committee, which has been engaged for the past four days in going over the affairs of the bank with the examiners and, in making a careful investigation as to its condition, refused to furnish funds sufficient to justify the bank in keeping its doors open, and agreed under its circumstances there was no alternative to the course recommended by the bank's directors.

"The officers of the bank have expressed to the department the belief that there will ultimately be but little loss to depositors. The liquidation of the bank and the distribution of its assets will proceed as expeditiously as possible."

After a protracted meeting of the Pittsburgh clearing house association this institution Monday night issued this statement: "Was Not Unexpected."

"The closing of the First-Second National bank by the deputy controller of the currency was not entirely unexpected, because the bank and it was therefore prepared for the crisis. The members of the clearing house are all in good condition and we believe that the banks and trust companies in the city of Pittsburgh, as a whole, are prepared for any emergency. It will take several days to arrange for the transfer of accounts and the proper and careful handling of checks made on the First-Second National bank."

All demands up to \$50 were paid without question, and notice for larger amounts were asked, running \$50, 60 and 90 days, according to the amount demanded by the depositor. This institution also made a statement that it had \$5,000,000 in cash and quick assets and was prepared for any emergency. The run was over before the closing of the banking hours, and it is not thought any anxiety over this institution need be felt.

Two Banks Merged. The former First National bank, which was accredited as one of the strongest banks in the country, was merged with the Second National

## SWAT THE FLY



## SUFFRAGETS BURN UP \$100,000 RESIDENCE

Leave Note to King Asking for Ballot.

HORWICH, Eng., July 8.—The handsome residence of Sir W. H. Lever at Riving Hill was burned Tuesday by suffragets, destroying rare tapestries and valuable pictures, the loss being estimated at \$100,000. The residence was unoccupied.

A message was left addressed to the king, saying: "Wake up the government and give us reason to be loyal. Then try us."

## CHRISTY MATTHEWSON IS WRITING A DRAMA

NEW YORK, July 8.—Christy Matthewson, star Giant twirler, is writing a play to be staged at a Broadway theater this fall. It is to be called "Fairplay" and baseball is the theme.

This is the report fans heard Tuesday when the announcement was made that Matthewson collaborating with Mrs. Rita Johnson Young, author of "Brown of Harvard," was working on the plot. The hero will be a young American ball player.

## SIX MEN ARRESTED AT PORTER TRACKS

Charged With Making Books on Races and Are Taken to Valparaiso For Trial.

PORTER, Ind., July 8.—Under instructions from Walter J. Fabing, prosecuting attorney, deputy sheriffs Monday arrested six men whom they say were making books at the Mineral Springs race track here. The men were arrested after the fifth race and were taken out of the grounds so quietly that few knew that the arrests were made. They were taken to Valparaiso, arraigned in the circuit court and released on \$500 bonds each.

Four of the arrested men were A. W. McDowell, John Helms, Jake Kohler and Chas. West. The other two refused to make their names known.

"The governor is strong in his intention that there shall be no gambling here," said Prosecutor Fabing. "I am convinced, though, there is no chance of the National guard being sent here. We have the situation well in hand."

## TRAINMEN FAVOR STRIKE BY 94 PERCENT VOTE

NEW YORK, July 8.—Ninety-four percent of the conductors and trainmen on the Eastern railroads have voted in favor of a strike unless their demands for increased wages are granted. This was the announcement made Tuesday by representatives of the employees who met the conference committee of railway managers to discuss the demands.

## What Did I Forget?

You will remember after you reach your destination that it was The News-Times, to be ordered to follow you on your vacation journey.

Just phone Home 1151, Bell 2109, Circulation Department, your order; send by mail, remitting at rate of 2 cents a day for number of days desired.

Add to your vacation pleasures by ordering The News-Times. Avoid missing a single issue by ordering before you leave.

## RACE OVER LAKES WILL START TODAY

Glenn Martin's Machine is Wrecked While He is Making a Trial Flight at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Seven hydro-aeroplanes will start Tuesday from Chicago on a water and air trip to Detroit, 900 miles around the shore of the lower peninsula of Michigan.

The machines, each carrying a driver and a passenger will rise at noon and head south of east to Michigan City, Ind., the first control. To carry out the schedule, the machines will have to average 40 miles an hour between controls. Late arrival at any point will inflict a penalty. Those scheduled to start are: Anthony Janus, St. Louis; Delloyd Thompson, Chicago; Weldon B. Cooke, Sandusky; Beckwith Havens, Fishkill; Walter Johnson, New York; Logan A. Vilas, Chicago; Roy N. Francis, San Francisco.

An unexpected dive into Chicago harbor today wrecked Glenn Martin's machine and spoiled his chance for getting away promptly with the other competitors Tuesday. Martin, with Charles Day, builder of the machine, was making a trial flight when a sudden dip immersed the float of one wing and the machine and aviator shot to the bottom of the harbor. The men were rescued with difficulty and the machine had to be dismantled before it could be pulled out of the lake. Other contestants offered the help of their mechanics and it is possible Martin will start late in the Detroit flight, hoping to catch up with the rest of the flyers.

The flyers are expected to cover the 900 mile course by July 17.

## ZELIE PAYS \$10 FOR FREEDOM

American Suffraget Given Option of Fine or Month at Hard Labor—She Pays.

LONDON, July 8.—Miss Zelle Emerson, the young American girl who has been aiding the English militant suffragets, narrowly escaped being sent to prison for one month at hard labor Tuesday, when she was arraigned in the Thames police court on a charge of resisting the police.

The sentence was imposed but Miss Emerson was released after she had been led away and given the option of paying a \$10 fine.

The fine was immediately paid. The stirring scenes which marked the arrest of Miss Sylvia Pankhurst Monday night were all but equalled in court Tuesday when the militant suffraget was arraigned.

The court demanded that Miss Pankhurst give bond for good behavior or go to jail. She steadfastly refused and when sentenced to jail jumped to her feet, shouting: "I'll hunger strike! I'll hunger strike!"

Miss Pankhurst was sentenced to a term of three months.

## OPERATE ON JACK LONDON FOR APPENDICITIS SOON

OAKLAND, Cal., July 7.—Jack London, the writer, is preparing for an operation for appendicitis. His physician says London's general condition is such that he should be out again in about ten days.

The attack developed while London was at his country home at Glen Ellen.

## MAN CHARGED WITH BRUTAL MURDER OF HIS SWEETHEART

Girl's Body is Found in Lake Near Wilkes-Barre After Outing on July 4—Neighbors Heard Screams.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 8.—Charged with the brutal murder of his pretty sweetheart, Alice Crispwell, 18, Herbert Johns, 28, stoutly denied Tuesday his guilt in the tragic death of Miss Crispwell in Harvey's Lake on the night of the fourth of July.

Johns and the girls have been lovers for a long time. July 4, he left this city to visit her at Harvey where she was employed as a domestic. He was last seen with the girl that night, but returned to this city early. When the girl did not return to her home it was thought she was staying with her employer.

When a letter reached the Crispwell home from Herbert Johns addressed to Alice, the girl's father became alarmed and instituted a search. Cottagers had heard a girl's frantic screams for help on the night of the fourth and later the body of the girl was found floating on the water.

Johns was immediately suspected and last night placed under arrest. He denied the crime. He said he left the girl about a mile from her home and started back as he was not feeling well. Johns points out that if he knew his sweetheart was dead he would not have written to her last Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Nicholson passed Johns that night and heard the screams of the girl.

The doctor's examination revealed no cause for the tragedy. The girl was young and pretty and was known to be attached to Johns.

## BUSINESS SHOULD FORGET CONGRESS

Marshall Says Industries Should Stand on Own Feet and Go After Undeveloped Markets.

CINCINNATI, July 8.—Vice-President Marshall, in a remarkable assertion that the American business man should forget the congress for the next ten years.

"When business is in a state of mind where it regards the congress as the creature that opens and closes its doors every day," he continued, "you are going to have money spent around the capitol."

"The sum may be spent properly, and they may not. The principle is that they are bound to be spent, and that is a part of the business system as conducted under the present ideas of the American business man that they be spent."

Hurts Business Men. "The American business man ought to forget the lawmakers. He does not need to depend on this law or that. It only hurts him as a successful producer."

"The lobby will end naturally when the business man stands on his own feet and is ready to give and take with the whole world. There is no need for alarm in regard to our business. Markets being opened in South and Central America will give us enough trade to keep every factory in this country running twenty-four hours a day, six days in the week. The lobby investigation and the new tariff are simply going to force the American business man to show what he can really do and to get rid of the idea that his business depends on the congress."

"I do not think we shall ever have free trade. My idea is that we shall reach the level of the Walker tariff. In force before the civil war, in which the duties were on a basis of 20 per cent ad valorem. This much tariff is necessary for revenue."

## AMERICAN SUFFRAGET GIVEN OPTION OF FINE OR MONTH AT HARD LABOR

—She Pays.



THOS. H. HAYDEN. Former member of the board of education of San Francisco, who was recently appointed U. S. district attorney, northern district of California, to take the place of John L. McNabb. Recently resigned, charging that McNabb's conduct in his prosecution of rich and influential defendants and intimating that undue influence had been brought to bear upon the attorney general by people interested in the case.